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We show that although our solution can be viewed as a special case of hybrid update propagation method, it provides several advantages over existing solutions.

First, our approach provides the scalability required by modern applications, such as web services, and is suitable for the architectures and technologies implementing these applications. The buddy selection algorithm supports dynamic master-slave site selection for data items, ensures correct transaction execution, and aids load-balancing among the replicas. Finally, incorporating network specific characteristics, such as distance and bandwidth, reduces latency observed by the client. Our approach has a similar message complexity compared to a traditional lazy master-slave replication using group communication and less message complexity compared to a lazy master-slave replication without group communication.

We further extend the buddy system to handle coarse-grained web services. Our solution is based on extending UML specifications with stereotypes to embed CRUD, Parallel and data element semantics into the model. The dispatcher can then extract the semantics from the model and distribute the requests to clusters as it did with the fine-grained web service. Each individual transaction is applied to a pair of clusters synchronously allowing enforcement of consistency guarantees and durability. There are two limitations of our work we plan to address in the future. First, we are relying on the back end database for constraint guarantees. This limits the granularity of transaction parallelism. Second, we require a transaction to be sent in a single request to the dispatcher. We plan to extend the buddy system to allow the dispatcher to receive WS-Atomic and WS-BusinessActivity transactional requests that can span a single request.

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